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November 29, 2006

MEMORANDUM

TO: Council

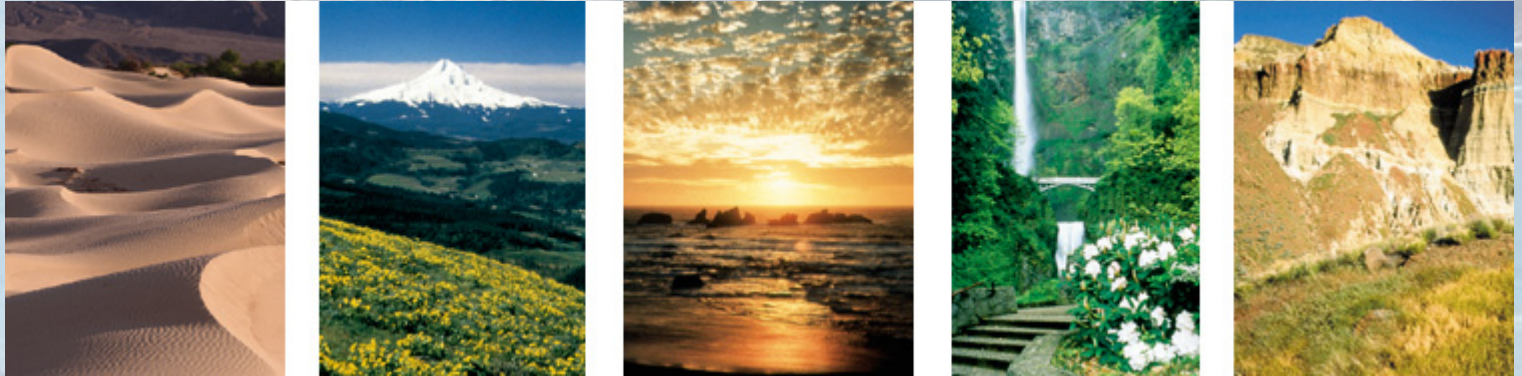
FROM: Jeff King

SUBJECT: Wave energy briefing

Justin Klure of the Oregon Department of Energy will brief the Council regarding wave energy as a future source of electric power. The presentation will provide an opportunity for the Council to expand its understanding of wave power technology, Northwest potential, and issues needing resolution for the technology to develop into a reliable source of electricity. This will be an opportunity to explore actions that the Council might undertake to promote development of this resource.

Though in the demonstration stage, wave electricity generation could become a future player in the Northwest power system. The theoretical near-shore wave power potential of the Washington and Oregon coast has been estimated to be in excess of 25,000 megawatts. Wave power generators are expected to have an efficiency of at least 12 percent, suggesting a technical potential on the order of 3000 megawatts. Navigational, fisheries, aesthetic and environmental constraints will further limit the development of the resource. Wave power in the Northwest is strongly winter peaking, matching well with winter peak loads. Feasibility studies suggest that commercially mature wave energy projects might be economically competitive with wind power, currently the lowest cost source of bulk renewable power.

Wave power generation has received growing attention in recent years. Several firms have developed wave energy converters and the world's first commercial-scale project entered service in Portugal in October. Three offshore wave energy projects have been proposed in the Northwest. Each would initially consist of a small demonstration array of wave energy converters that could be expanded to a commercial-scale project if the technology and site prove suitable. In addition, the Oregon State University is working to establish a national wave energy research and demonstration center. Staff expects interest in this technology to continue grow given the adoption of renewable portfolio standards and increasing concern regarding greenhouse gas production.



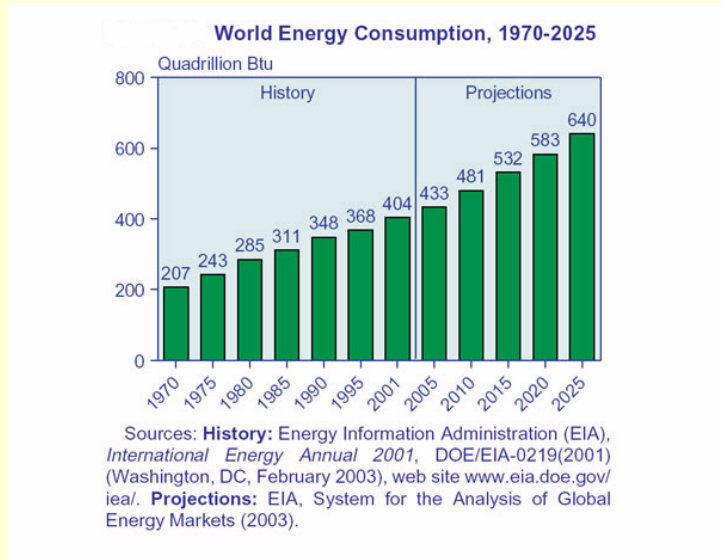
Development of a Wave Energy Industry

State of Oregon Progress

Oregon's Objectives

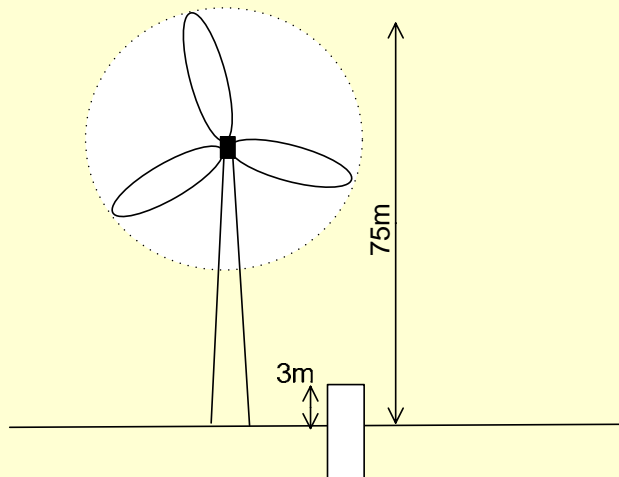
- Create a nurturing environment for the wave energy industry
- Establish a world class research facility
- Grow and diversify local economies
- Meet renewable energy goals and diversify energy portfolio

Energy Potential



New forms of Energy are required!

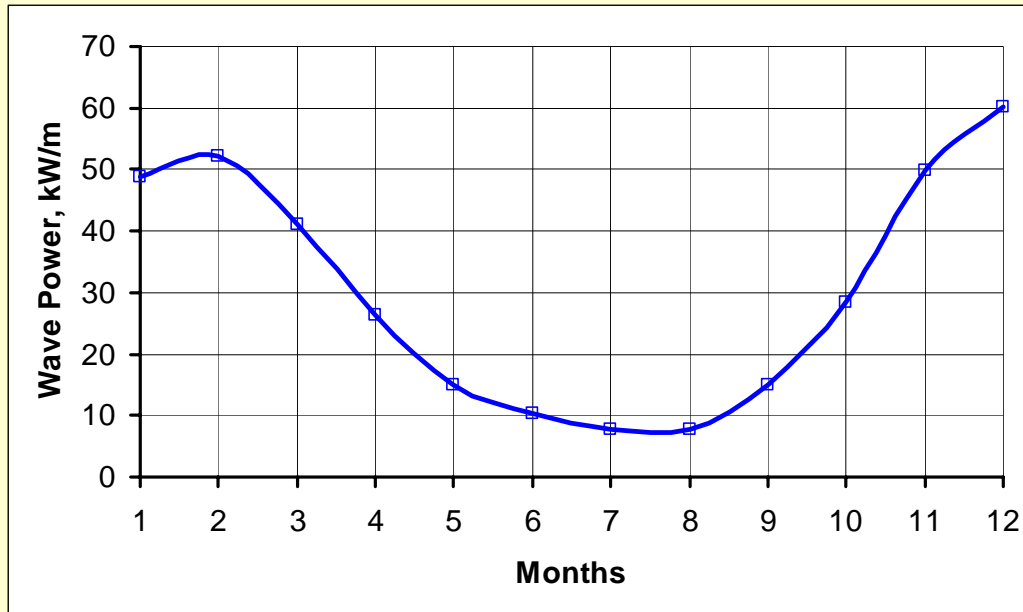
It is estimated that if 0.2% of the ocean's untapped energy could be harnessed, it could provide power sufficient for the entire world.



Wave Energy Advantages

- Higher energy density
- Availability (80 – 90%)
- Predictability

Power from Ocean Waves



Data buoys are 2-200mi off shore, with waves traveling 15-20mph, gives 10+ hours forecast time for buoy generators located 2 mi out

Seasonal variation

Good match for the NW load demand

Wave Energy Devices

Point
Absorber



Attenuator



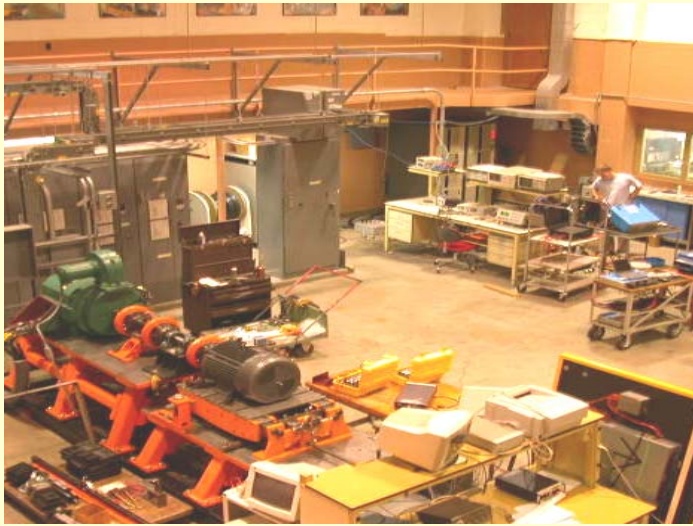
Oscillating Water
Column



Overtopping



Leveraged Resources



**Motor Systems Resource Facility
(MSRF)**



**O.H. Hinsdale Wave Research Lab
(HWRL)**

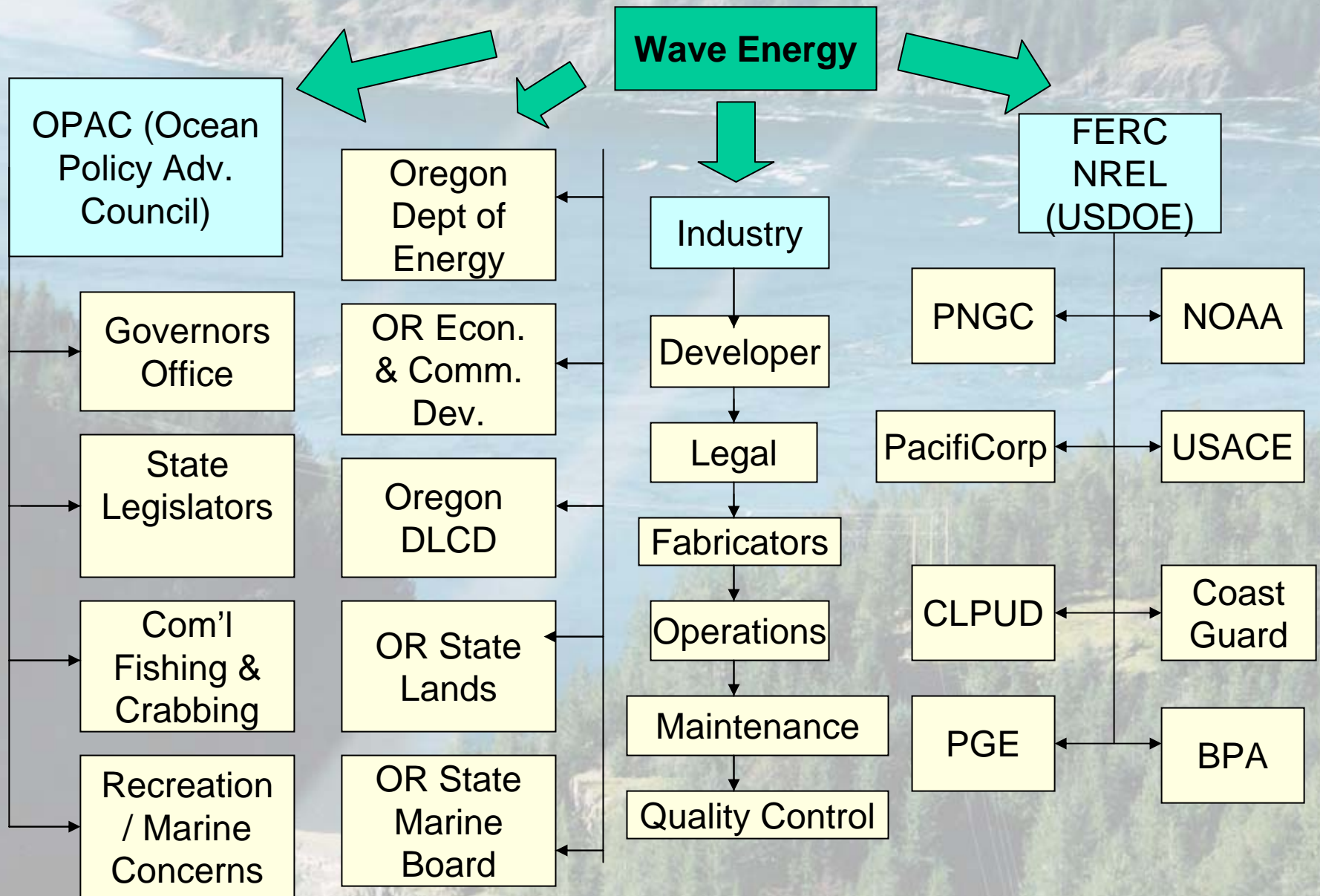
Stakeholder Process

People **O**regon **W**ave **E**nergy **R**esources

- Background
- Mission
- Goals and Objectives
- Action Plan
- Members

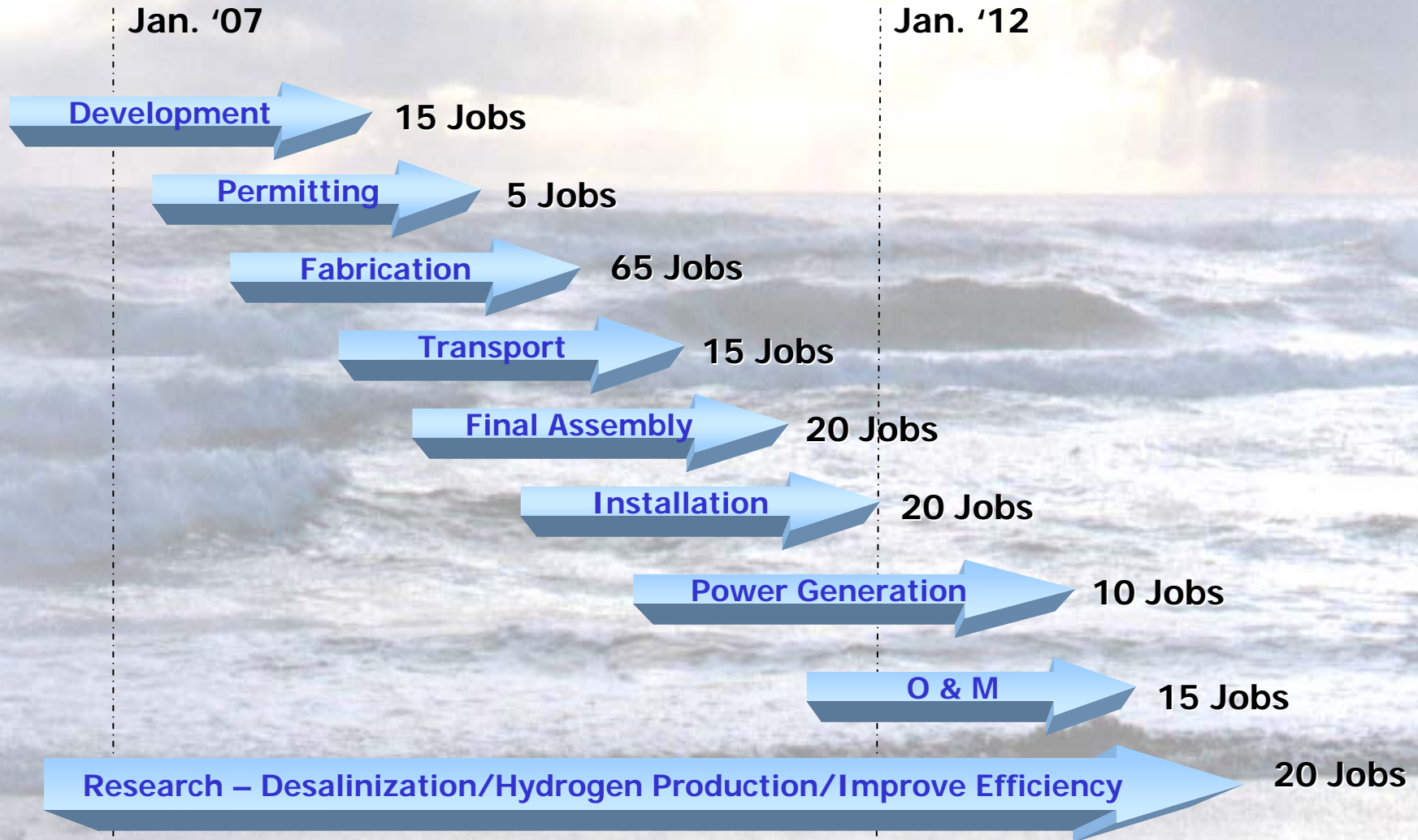
Oregon State University, EPRI and ODOE

Oregon Wave Energy Industry



Wave Energy

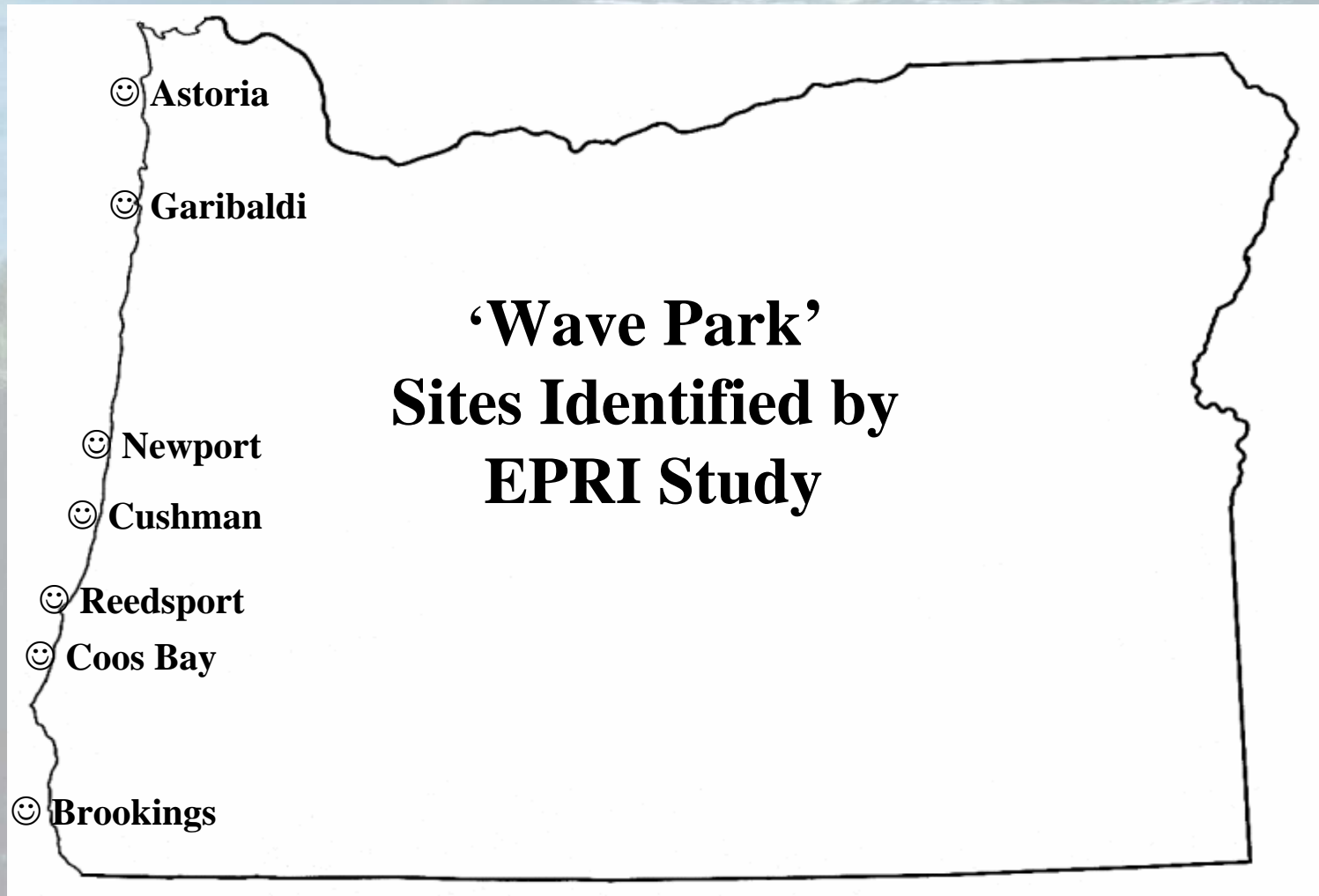
MEANS HIGH PAYING JOBS



Oregon's Competitive Advantage

- Unique ocean resource
- Established marine community
- Existing incentive package
- Positive political climate (both state & federal)
- Independent study by EPRI
- Industrial base standing by to support
- Support of utilities, including existing grid ties and capacity
- Proximity to markets
- Academic leader – only NSF funded research program

EPRI Study: Seven Oregon Sites



Latest Developments

- FERC Hearing and Applications

<http://www.capitolconnection.gmu.edu/ferc/ferc.htm>

- Oregon Innovation Council
- Oregon Solutions Project (Reedsport)
- Statewide Planning Process
- Environmental Assessment Workshop

Reedsport Wave Energy Project

Process Map

Summer 2007

Summer 2008

20??

Project
Development
Schedule

Single Buoy
in the water

*Test and evaluate buoy, anchoring
systems, etc*

An array in
the water
(13 buoys)

*Implement
monitoring &
evaluation
studies*

Full
Development

Permitting
Process

COE
404
Permit*

FERC
License**

Amended
FERC
License

Preliminary
Application
Document

FERC
Scoping
Process

Final
Study Plan

Final
License
Application

Environ
Review

Amendment Process
includes review of
study information and
mitigation, as necessary

Oregon
Solutions
Process

May: Declaration
of Cooperation
(see next page)

*Future efforts to be defined in
Declaration of cooperation*

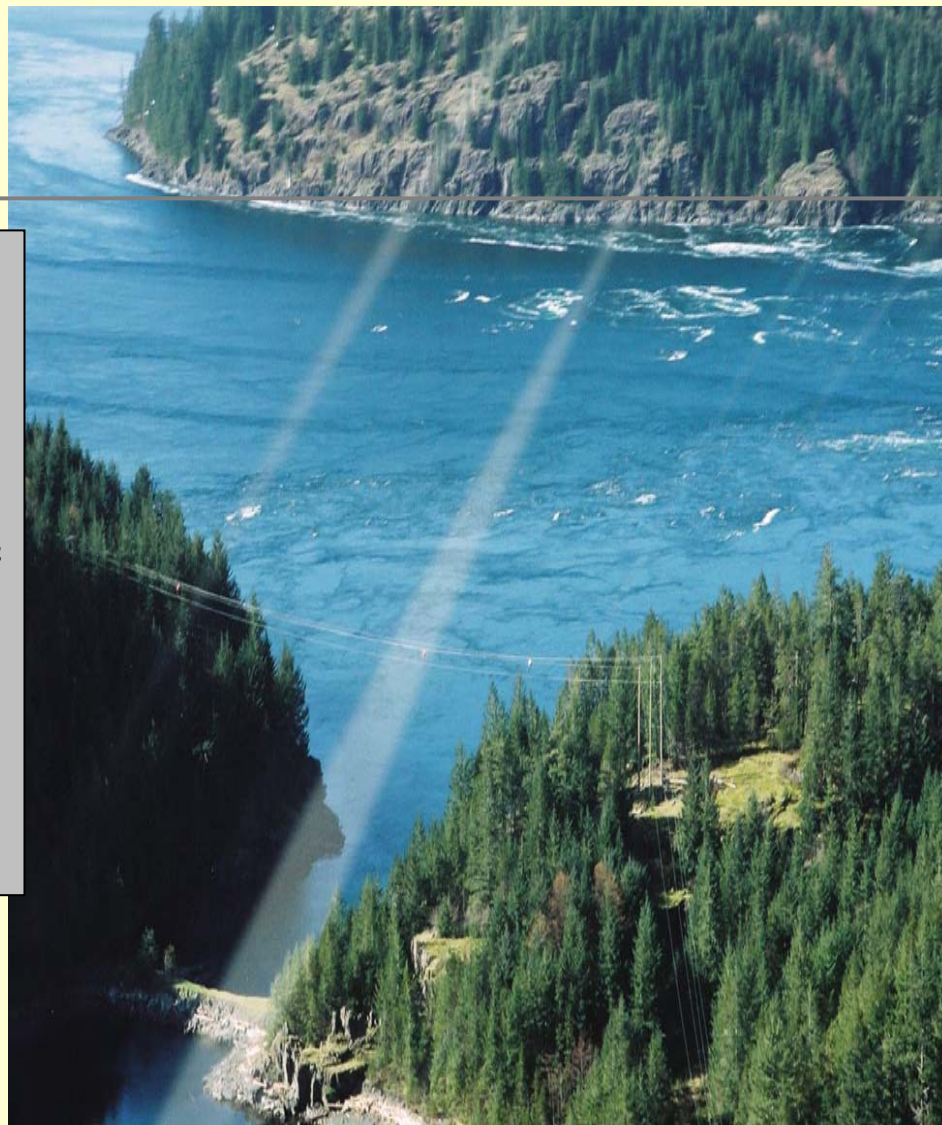
**Includes compliance with
all applicable requirements
i.e. CZMA , 401, etc.*

***Includes compliance with
all applicable requirements,
including a modified 404 permit..*

Why Oregon?

- World class resource
- World class R&D facilities
- Stakeholder process
- Technical expertise
- Political support
- Incentive package
- Transmission capacity

- ◆ Based on Oregon's experience, we can limit CO₂ emissions and improve our economy.
- ◆ Education and efficient use of resources is essential.
- ◆ Renewable resources are Oregon's most beneficial resources.



www.oregon.gov/ENERGY



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DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY