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October 25, 2012

MEMORANDUM

TO: Fish and Wildlife Committee Members

FROM: Tony Grover, Fish and Wildlife Division Director

SUBJECT: Presentation on ESA reviews of Hatchery Genetic Management plans,

supplementation and hatchery policies – Rob Jones and Craig Busack, NOAA

Fisheries

NOAA Fisheries' Salmon Management Division staff, Craig Busack, Senior Scientist, Rob Jones, Hatchery and Inland Fisheries Branch Chief and Bob Turner, Salmon Management Division Assistant Regional Administrator, will brief the Council on key aspects of NOAA's hatchery program. Topics covered include:

- o Hatchery strategies and examples for ESA recovery
- o ESA section 7 consultation approach and examples
- Mitchell Act update

503-222-5161 800-452-5161 Fax: 503-820-2370



NOAA Fisheries & Columbia Basin Hatcheries

November 6, 2012

Presentation to the Northwest Power and Conservation Council

Today's Focus

- NOAA's Role
- Hatchery Perspective
- Implementation Scenarios
- Aspirations



NOAA's Role

- 1. ESA & Treaty/Trust Rights
- 2. Mitchell Act and Pacific Coastal Salmon Recovery Fund



NOAA's Perspective on Hatcheries

For the foreseeable future, hatcheries will play a vital role in mitigating for habitat loss, including operation of the hydropower system, and the implementation of treaty rights.



NOAA's Perspective on Hatcheries

- Proven tool for mitigation and gene conservation
- There are risks
- Tailor to fit
- Mandatory monitoring and evaluation



Guidance for HGMP Development

- Policies
- Recovery Planning
- NOAA Biological Opinions



Guidance for HGMP Development

- Status of the population
- Role of the population in recovery
- Environmental baseline
- Limiting factors
- Affects on VSP



NOAA's Evaluations

- Benefits from hatchery supplementation
- Risk reduction for harvest programs
- Evaluation methodology is described in NOAA's Biological Opinions



Implementation Scenarios

- Salmon River spring/summer Chinook salmon
- Upper Columbia River spring Chinook salmon



Upper Salmon spring/summer Chinook Salmon

Population	Recovery VSP Risk Objective	Hatchery program (s) present?
North Fork Salmon R.	Moderate	No
Panther Cr. (ext.)	None	Proposed
Lemhi R.	Low	No
Salmon mainstem below RFL	Moderate	No
Pahsimeroi R.	Low	Yes
East Fork Salmon R.	Low	No
Yankee Fork	Moderate	Yes
Valley Cr.	Low	No
Salmon mainstem. above RFL	Low	Yes



Upper Columbia River spring Chinook Salmon

Population	Recovery VSP Risk Objective	Hatchery program (s) present?
Wenatchee R.	Low	Yes
Entiat R.	Low	Discontinued
Methow R.	Low	Yes
Okanogan R. (ext.)	None	Planned



Wenatchee River Spring Chinook Salmon

- Harvest Program—Leavenworth
- Conservation Programs—Chiwawa, Nason/White



Entiat River Spring Chinook Salmon

- Discontinue the spring Chinook salmon program factor limiting recovery
- Substitute summer Chinook



Methow River Spring Chinook Salmon

- Harvest program (Winthrop NFH)
- Conservation program (Methow SFH) and test reduced pHOS

Okanogan River Spring Chinook Salmon

- Reintroduction using Winthrop fish
- Experimental Population Status



Moving Forward

We will continue to:

- Advance treaty trust rights and recovery
- Move forward by example
- First good HGMP in the door
- Verify & improve

