Jennifer Anders Chair Montana

> Vacant Montana

Guy Norman Washington

Patrick Oshie Washington



August 6, 2019

Richard Devlin Vice Chair Oregon

> Ted Ferrioli Oregon

> > Jim Yost Idaho

Jeffery C. Allen

MEMORANDUM

TO: Council Members

FROM: Mike Starrett

SUBJECT: End Goal Energy Planning

BACKGROUND:

Presenter: Melissa Powers, Lewis & Clark Law School

Summary: Melissa Powers is the Jeffrey Bain Faculty Scholar and Professor of Law

and the Director of the Green Energy Institute at Lewis & Clark Law

School.

Ms. Powers and her colleagues at the Green Energy Institute have written extensively about effective energy and climate policy, planning, and governance. The planning framework of starting with a measurable end goal in mind (e.g. reliability, GHG reductions, cost, etc.) is timely to consider as the Council finalizes the list of scenarios and anticipated performance metrics for the development of the 2021 Plan.

Ms. Powers will present the framework of end goal energy planning to the Council and will be available to answer questions from the Council

Members.

More Info: https://law.lclark.edu/centers/green energy institute/

Workplan: Prepare for 2021 Power Plan

503-222-5161 800-452-5161 Fax: 503-820-2370

END-GOAL ENERGY PLANNING

MELISSA POWERS

JEFFREY BAIN FACULTY SCHOLAR & PROFESSOR OF LAW, LEWIS

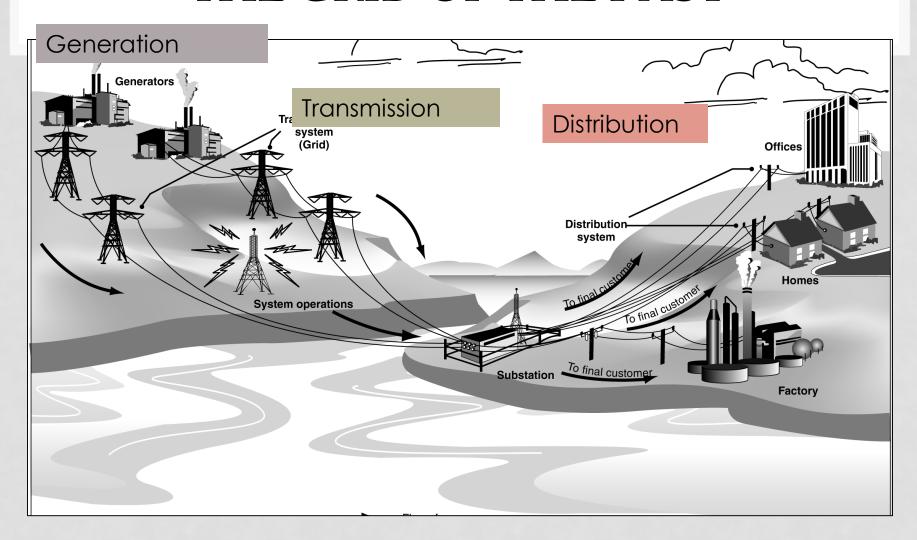
& CLARK LAW SCHOOL

OVERVIEW

- Technological innovations, policy changes, and environmental/climate concerns are accelerating energy-system transformation
- Our approach to energy planning, with its focus on incrementalism and least-cost resources, is likely to be too slow and reactive, rather than proactive
- Incrementalism creates risks
 - Delayed decarbonization
 - Regulatory and investment uncertainty
 - Stranded costs and/or bad investments
 - Loss of faith in institutions
- We know what the end goal must be; we should plan to get there

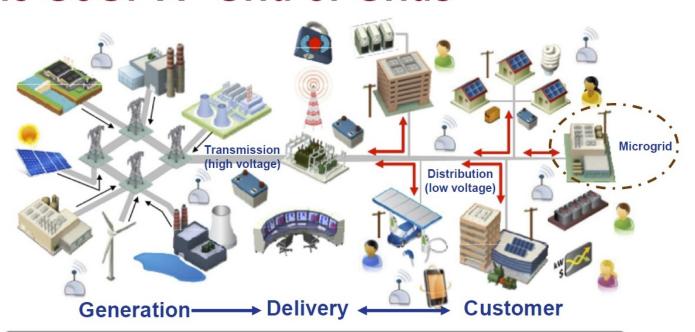
OUR CHANGING ELECTRICITY ENERGY SYSTEM

THE GRID OF THE PAST



THE GRID OF THE FUTURE

The GoG: A "Grid-of-Grids"



An Interconnected Power System Balancing Forecasted Resources with Dispatchable Loads

Source: "The Future of the Electric Grid and the Role of Energy Storage" Electric Power Research Institute, May 24, 2016

THE NEED FOR ACCELERATED DECARBONIZATION/ENVIRONMEN TAL PROTECTION

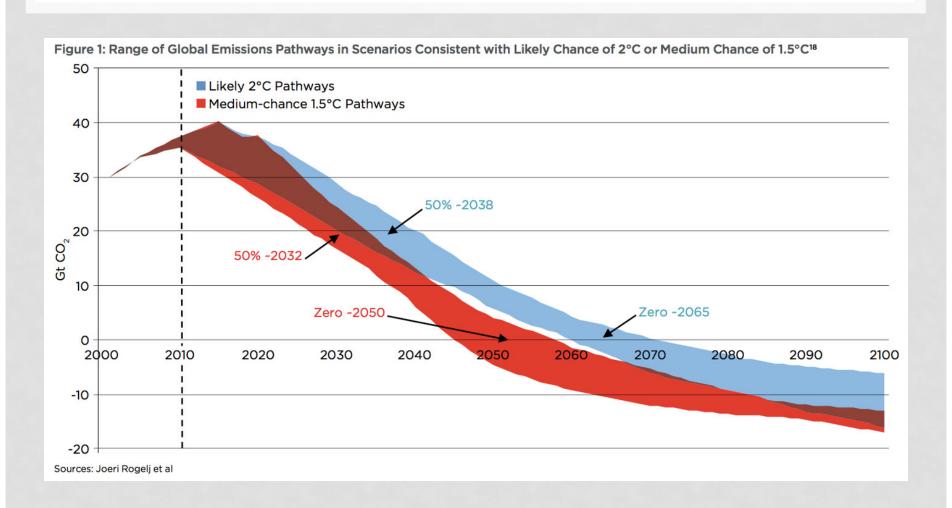
GREENLAND THIS SUMMER

12.5 billior tons in a day

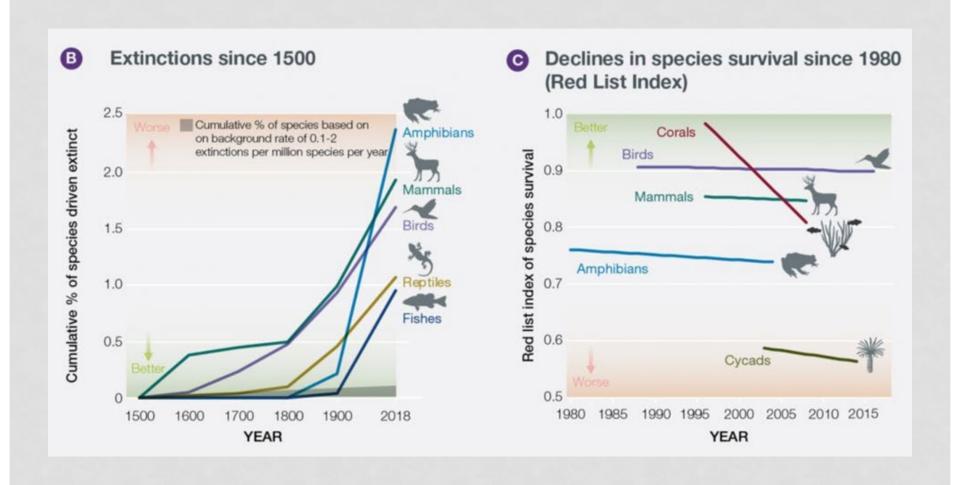


Source: Inside Climate News (2019)

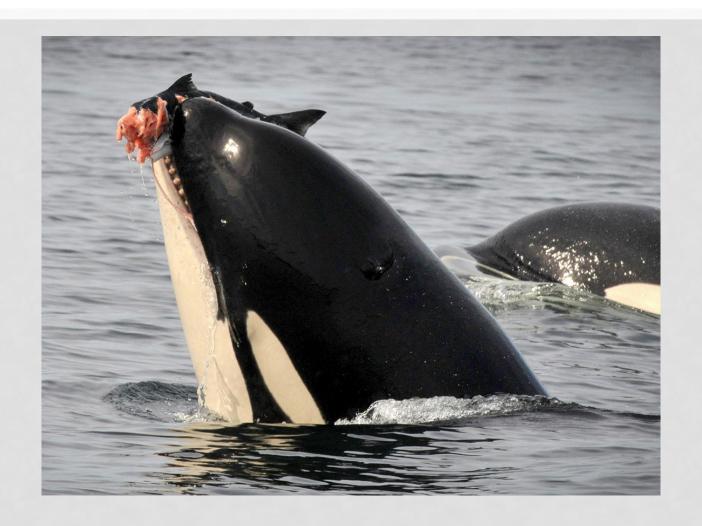
THE 1.5°C PATHWAY



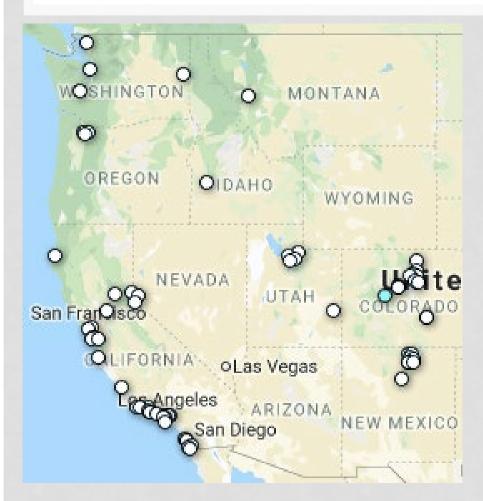
SPECIES IN PERIL GLOBALLY . . .



... AND IN THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST



POLICY TRANSFORMATION



100% Renewable/Clean Targets: **States**

- California: 100% Renewable Electricity by 2045
- Nevada: 100% Clean Energy by 2050
- Washington: 100% Clean Electricity by 2045

Counties/Cities

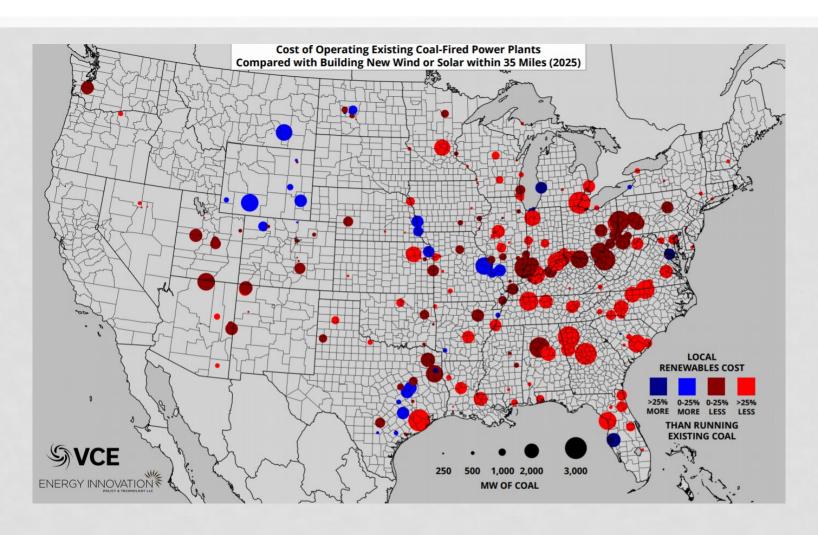
- Portland/Multnomah: 100%
 Renewable by 2050
- Boise: 100% clean, renewable electricity by 2035
- Missoula: 100% clean, renewable electricity by 2030
- Spokane: 100% clean, renewable electricity by 2030



POLICY WHIPLASH



CHANGING ENERGY ECONOMICS: UNECONOMIC COAL

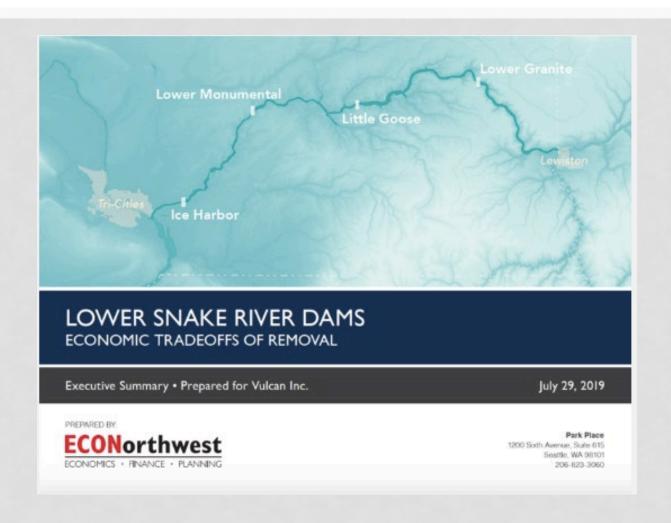


CHANGING ENERGY ECONOMICS: RENEWABLES V. GAS





CHANGING ECONOMICS: THE DAMS



ENERGY INCREMENTALISM

WHY INCREMENTALISM SEEMS TO MAKE SENSE V. WHY IT DOESN'T

Pro-incrementalism

- Who knows what the future will bring?
- Allows adjustments to strategy and investments
- Prevents investment lock-in
- Long-term planning is very hard with so much in flux

Anti-incrementalism

- We are in control of what our energy system should look like
- Adjustments will happen under either system, but adjustments linked to end goals will head in the right direction
- Lock-in happens under existing model – stranded costs
- Long-term planning IS hard, but it's the only way to get where we need to be

INCREMENTALISM SO FAR

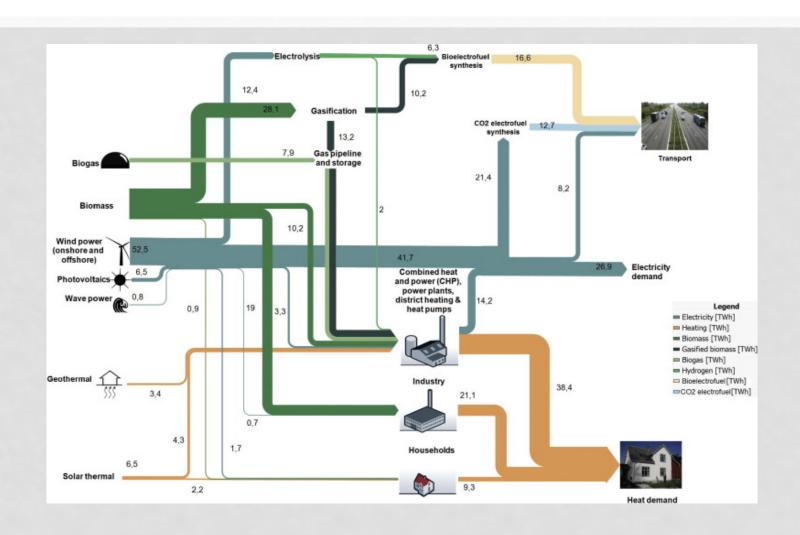
- We are not planning for a decarbonized energy system, a "grid-of-grids," beneficial electrification, or any of the other future energy systems we need
- Emissions are increasing
- Conflicts between energy resources and producers proliferate
- Stranded cost concerns are delaying decarbonization

END GOAL ENERGY PLANNING

END-GOAL PLANNING

- Select End-goal Targets
 - 100% carbon-free energy
 - Net-negative GHG emission reductions, by mid-Century
- Design the Blueprint
- Strategic Planning to Select and Implement Pathways of the Blueprint
 - Coordinated government structure and strategy
- Policies/Sustained Funding to Implement Strategies
- Monitoring, Evaluation, Adaptation To Meet the End-goal Targets

DENMARK'S EXAMPLE



QUESTIONS? COMMENTS?